

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
FOR THE DISTRICT OF MONTANA
MISSOULA DIVISION

MATTHEW MARSHALL, et al.,

Plaintiffs,

vs.

MICHAEL L. GOGUEN, et al.,

Defendants.

CV 21-19-M-DWM

ORDER

Defendants Frank, Rimerman + Co. LLP and Karen Valladao move unopposed for the *pro hac vice* admission of two attorneys from the firm of Orrick, Herrington, & Sutcliffe LLP with Maxon Davis to act as local counsel. (*See* Docs. 28, 29.) While those applications appear to be in order, it is the practice of this Court to limit the number of counsel in order to “secure the just, speedy, and inexpensive determination of every action and proceeding.” Fed. R. Civ. P. 1; *cf. In re United States*, 791 F.3d 945, 957 (9th Cir. 2015) (“[A] court’s decision to deny *pro hac vice* admission must be based on criteria reasonably related to promoting the orderly administration of justice or some other legitimate policy of the courts.”) (internal citation omitted). A surfeit of counsel impedes this mandate by, *inter alia*, confusing points of contact for the opposing party. *Cf. United States*

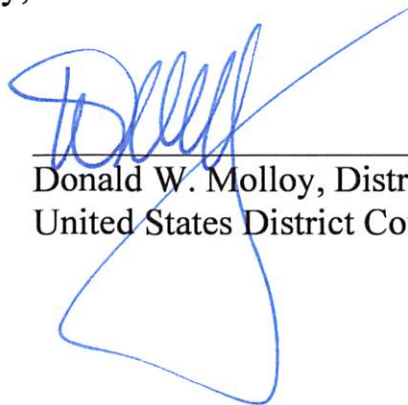
v. Ries, 100 F.3d 1469, 1471 (9th Cir. 1996) (“[C]ounsel from other jurisdictions may be significantly more difficult to reach . . . than local counsel.”). As a result, each party in the case will be limited to no more than three attorneys (including both local and *pro hac* counsel) unless a party can show cause why additional counsel is necessary. Nothing in this limitation prevents counsel from using his or her firm resources and internal assignments to assure adequate representation for the client.

Accordingly, IT IS ORDERED that Defendants’ motions to admit James N. Kramer and Roland Chang *pro hac vice* (Docs. 28, 29) are GRANTED on the condition that *pro hac* counsel shall do his or her own work. This means that *pro hac* counsel must do his or her own writing; sign his or her own pleadings, motions, and briefs; and appear and participate personally. Counsel shall take steps to register in the Court’s electronic filing system (“CM-ECF”). Further information is available on the Court’s website, www.mtd.uscourts.gov, or from the Clerk’s Office.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED that this Order is subject to withdrawal unless *pro hac* counsel, within fifteen (15) days of the date of this Order, files a notice acknowledging counsel’s admission under the terms set forth above. In that notice, counsel shall also designate a single attorney with the authority to make any and all

decisions related to the administration of this case as the primary point of contact for the opposing party.

DATED this 1st day of July, 2021.



Donald W. Molloy, District Judge
United States District Court